MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION POLICY OF F&J PRINCE HOLDINGS CORPORATION

A. Policy

F&J Prince Holdings Corporation, its subsidiaries and affiliates (herein referred to as "the Group"), strongly adheres to the principles of sound and responsible business ethics and legal standards.

F&J Prince Holdings Corp. (the "Company"), through its Board of Directors (the "Board), recognizes that transactions between and among relate parties creates strategic financial, commercial, and economic benefits to the Company and its stakeholders. In this regard, related party transactions ("RPT") are generally allowed provided that when RPTs amount to ten per cent (10%) or higher of the Company's total consolidated assets, it shall be considered as Material Related Party Transactions ("material – RPT") and shall be subject to arms-length principle and board approval as herein provided.

B. Purpose

This Material – RPT Policy (herein referred to as "the Policy") sets forth the rules and guidelines to ensure that material – RPTs involving the Company and its related parties are: (a) handled in a sound and prudent manner, with integrity and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations; (b) done on arm's-length basis and; (c) approved in accordance with the Policy and without the participation of the concerned directors, officers or related parties.

C. Application

1. Scope

This Policy shall apply to all transactions of the Company with related parties that meet the materiality threshold as herein defined.

2. Definitions

a. Related party covers the following individuals:

Director	Robert Y. Cokeng – President and Chairman
	Johnson U. Co – Vice President for Administration and Director
	Mark Ryan K. Cokeng – Treasurer and Director
	Francisco Y. Cokeng – Vice Chairman and Director
Mary K. Cokeng – Director	
	Johnson Tan Gui Yee – Director
	Rufino B. Tiangco – Director
	Francis L. Chua – Director
	Johnny O. Cobankiat – Director

	Dotor I Variable Lada L. D.
	Peter L. Kawsek – Independent Director
	Charlie K. Chua – Independent Director
	Ponciano K. Mathay – Compliance Officer
Officer	Robert Y. Cokeng – President and Chairman
	Johnson U. Co – Vice President for Administration and Director
	Mark Ryan K. Cokeng – Treasurer and Director
	Francisco Y. Cokeng – Vice Chairman and Director
	Ponciano K. Mathay – Compliance Officer
	Atty. Fina Bernadette D.C. Tantuico – Legal Counsel and Corporate Secretary
	Peter L. Kawsek, Jr. – Chairman, Audit Committee
	Johnson Tan Gui Yee – member, Audit and Nomination Committees
	Rufino B. Tiangco – member, Audit and Compensation Committees
	Charlie K. Chua – member, Nomination and Compensation Committees
Substantial	Robert Y. Cokeng
Shareholder	
Indirect	Robert Y. Cokeng
Beneficial	Mary K. Cokeng
Owner	
Spouses and	Robert Y. Cokeng and Mary K. Cokeng are spouses. Mark Ryan K. Cokeng is
Relatives	the son of Robert Y. Cokeng and Mary K. Cokeng. Johnson U. Co is a cousin
	of Robert Y. Cokeng. Robert Y. Cokeng and Francisco Y. Cokeng are
	brothers.
A - 7 Leaves	

b. Related party also covers the following entities:

Parent Company	F&J Prince Holdings Corporation
Subsidiaries or Fellow	Magellan Capital Holdings Corporation
subsidiaries	Business Processing Outsourcing International (BPOI)
	Consolidated Tobacco Industries of the Philippines, Inc.
	Center Industrial and Investment, Inc.
Associate, Affiliate, Joint Venture	Pointwest Technologies Corporation
or controlled entity	

- ${f c.}$ Related Party Transactions ("RPT") is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and related party, regardless of whether a price is charged. These shall include, but not limited to the following:
 - Merger, acquisition, consolidation and other related business combination involving the parent company and its subsidiaries;
 - Sale, purchase or supply of any goods, merchandise, materials or supplies;
 - Lease arrangements/contracts;
 - Purchases and sales of assets, including transfer of technology and intangible items (e.g., research and development, trademarks and license agreements);
 - Investments and/or subscriptions for debt/guarantees;
 - On- and off-balance sheet credit exposures and claims write-offs;
 - Consulting, professional, agency and other service arrangements/contracts;

- Construction arrangement/contracts;
- Establishment of joint venture entities;
- Settlement of liabilities on behalf of the entity or by the entity on behalf of that related party.

It includes outstanding transactions with an unrelated party that subsequently becomes a related party.

d. Material Related Party Transactions ("material - RPT") - any related party transaction/s, either individually, or in aggregate over a twelve (12) month period with the same related party, amounting to ten percent (10%) or more of the Company's total consolidated assets based on its latest audited financial statements.

3. Approval of Material Related Party Transactions -

All material – RPT shall be approved by the Audit Committee before endorsing to the Board of Directors for final approval. The following factors shall be considered by the Committee in reviewing material – RPTs:

- terms of the transaction
- aggregate value of the transaction
- whether the terms of the transaction are no less favourable than those generally available to non-related parties under the similar circumstances
- extent of related party's interest in the transaction
- purpose and timing of the transaction
- whether the transaction would present at an improper conflict of interests or special risks or contingencies for the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, or the related party taking into account the size of the transaction and the overall financial position of the related party
- material information or other factors the Committee deems relevant

Upon affirmative endorsement of the Audit Committee, the material - RPT shall also be approved by at least two-thirds (2/3) of the vote of the Board of Directors, with at least a majority of the independent directors voting to approve the material - RPT.

In case that a majority of the independent directors' vote is not secured, the material – RPT may be ratified by the vote of the stockholders representing at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock of the Company.

For the aggregate RPT within twelve (12) – month period that breaches the materiality threshold of ten per cent (10%) of the Company's total consolidated assets, the same committee and board approval would be required for the transaction/s that meets and exceeds the materiality threshold covering the same related party.

4. Ensuring Arm's length terms

Before the execution of material - RPT, the Audit Committee and/or Board of Directors may appoint an external independent party to evaluate the fairness of the terms of the material - RPT as may be applicable and required.

5. Duties and Responsibilities

a. Audit Committee

- 1. Evaluate the material RPT whether or not it is fair and for the best interest of the Company and its stakeholders.
- 2. Recommend to the Board explaining the grounds for approving or denying the proposed material RPT.

b. Board of Directors

- 1. Institutionalize a policy framework on the management of material RPTs
- 2. Approve all material RPTs that cross the materiality threshold
- 3. Approve all write-off of material exposures to related parties
- 4. Establish an effective audit, risk and compliance system
- 5. Oversee the integrity, independence, and effectiveness of the policies and procedures for whistleblowing
- 6. Identify persons and companies that are considered as the Company's related parties
- 7. Quarterly review and update the Related Party Registration to capture organizational and structural changes in the company and its related parties

c. Senior Management

The Chief Finance Officer (CFO) shall maintain a Related Party registry and formulate a necessary mechanism and system of monitoring RPT within the group. The CFO shall report to the Audit Committee significant update on RPT and any proposed material – RPT on a quarterly basis.

The President and all heads of various business units/subsidiaries shall implement appropriate controls to effectively manage and monitor RPTs on a per transaction and aggregate basis.

Exposures to related parties shall also be monitored ongoing basis to ensure compliance with the existing policies and regulations.

The Senior Management shall fully disclose to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors all significant facts related to material – RPT as well as the direct or indirect financial interest of any related party in the transaction or any matter that may affect or is affecting the Company. Such disclosure shall be made at the committee and board meeting where the material – RPT will be presented for approval and before the completion or execution of the material – RPT.

d. Internal Audit Division

Shall conduct a periodic formal review of the effectiveness of the Group's system and internal controls governing RPTs to assess consistency with the Board-approved policies and procedures. The resulting audit reports, including exceptions or breaches in limits, shall be communicated directly to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

e. Compliance Division

Shall ensure that the Group complies with relevant rules and regulations and is informed of regulatory developments in areas affecting related parties. It shall aid in the review of the Group's transactions and identify any potential RPT that would require review by the Audit Committee or the Board. It shall ensure that the RPT policy is kept updated and is properly implemented throughout the Company.

6. Disclosure

The Company shall submit the following documents to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE):

- a. A summary of material RPT entered into during the reporting year in the Company's Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report to be submitted annually every May 30
- Advisement Report, in accordance with the form prescribed by the SEC, of nay material

 RPT to be filed within three (3) days from the execution date of the material RPT.

 The report shall be signed by the Corporate Secretary and the Chairman or President.

7. Conflict of Interest

Directors and officers with personal interest in any material – RPT shall fully and timely disclose any and all material facts including their respective interests in the material – RPT and abstain from the discussion, approval and management of such transaction or matter affecting the Company.

In case they refuse to abstain, their attendance shall not be counted for purposes of assessing the quorum and their votes shall not be counted for purposes of determining majority approval.

8. Report of violation

The Company encourages any one to report any deviation or non-compliance with the material – RPT Policy. Reports may be submitted thru any of the following:

a. Postal Mail: Office of the Compliance Officer5/F, Citibank Center, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

b. Email: fjpcorp@gmail.com

c. Call: (02) 8 - 892-7133

The whistle-blower's identity will be kept in strictest confidentiality, if so requested. The report will be investigated with due diligence and fairness by the Legal Department.

The Legal Department shall determine whether or not there is a violation of the material - RPT Policy. And if there is a violation, the same shall be reported to the Audit Committee and the Board for final determination of violation of material - RPT and the appropriate penalty therefor.

9. Compliance and Communication

The Group shall ensure that this Policy, or any of its amendments, will be properly communicated to its directors, officers, employees, third party and other stakeholders for their awareness and compliance.

Monitoring of compliance to this Policy must be conducted regularly by the Office of the Compliance Officer.

10. Policy Review

This Policy shall be reviewed annually or as deemed necessary.

D. Effective Date

This Policy shall take effect on 1 November 2019.

Signed By:

ROBERT Y. COKENG

President and Chairman of the Board

PONCIANO K. MATHAY
Compliance Officer